

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/073,808 02/11/2002		02/11/2002	Brian T. Holland	CM-103A US	4382
24804	7590	07/11/2005		EXAMINER	
		MMERCIAL MAI	SHAKERI, HADI		
8310 16TH STREET, M/S 510 PO BOX 902 STURTEVANT, WI 53177-0902				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3723	

DATE MAILED: 07/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
Office Action Summany	10/073,808	HOLLAND ET AL.						
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
	Hadi Shakeri	3723						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>.</u> .							
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This								
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x <i>parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7,9-11,13-15,22 and 23</u> is/are pending in the application.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7,9-11,13-15,22 and 23</u> is/are reject	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7,9-11,13-15,22 and 23</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>11 February 2002</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date								
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)	tent Application (PTO-152)						
3. Patent and Trademark Office	5/ 🗀 Oulet							

Application/Control Number: 10/073,808

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 08/05/04 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "in an amount effective" in claim 22 is a relative term, which renders the claim indefinite. The term " in an amount effective to minimize formation of crystals..." is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is unclear what range or amount of dispersant in the composition is claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

5. Claim 22 (as best understood) is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wirth et al.

Wirth et al. discloses all the limitations of claim 22, as best understood, i.e., a composition comprising organic acid (col. 6, line 35), a metal oxide (col. 18, line 65), a and dispersant (col. 4, line 36).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 2-7, 9-11, 13-15, 22 (as best understood) and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over George et al. in view of Lum et al. (6,409,782).

George et al. discloses all the limitations of claims 9, 10, 22 (as best understood) and 23, i.e., a composition comprising organic acid, a metal oxide (color enhancer/hardeners, e.g., tin oxide 03:63), and a plasticizer, e.g., linear alcohol or secondary alcohol, wherein the organic acid is about 1 to 50 weight percent; metal oxide is about 1-50 (col. 3, last line) and the "plasticizer" is about 0 to 5 percent, except for the size of the metal oxides and amount of "dispersant" present. Although the size and the amount of components depending on workpiece and/or operational parameter are considered obvious modification to one of ordinary skill in the art, Lum et al. is cited. Lum et al. teaches the use of coloring agent or pigments of 2.5 to 4 microns.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to modify the invention of George et al. with the particle size as taught by Lum et al. to assist in refreshing the color of the workpiece during polishing.

Application/Control Number: 10/073,808

Art Unit: 3723

Regarding claims 2-7, 11 and 13-15, George et al. as modified by Lum et al. meets the limitations, e.g., dispersant, thickener (col. 3, lines 49-53 and col. 5, lines 20-37); water and wherein the composition is used to buff a stone surface.

8. Claims 22 (as best understood) and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wirth et al. in view of Lum et al. (6,409,782).

Wirth et al. discloses all the limitations of the above claim, except for the size of the metal oxides and amount of "dispersant" present. An obvious modification in view of Lum et al. as indicated above in section 7.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed 11/03/04 and 08/05/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The argument that one of ordinary skill in the art would know what is meant by an "effective amount" and that paragraph 25 and examples suggest a range, is not persuasive to withdraw 112 2nd rejection of claim 22. Specification as originally filed does not describe any "effective amount" to minimize formation of crystals larger than 100 Å. Nothing in the specification as originally filed defines the effective amount or what constitutes "minimization", if applicant means a range (e.g., 0.1 to 10) by the effective amount, then the relative term of minimization, would imply another range (acceptable within the definition of minimizing formation of crystals), which would result in reciting a range within a range. The Examiner considers the language as recited indefinite.

The argument that George et al. does not disclose a "dispersant" is not persuasive. A dispersant as described in the specification as originally filed, e.g., paragraph 28 defines a substance that promotes the formation and stabilization of one substance in another, as such even water as disclosed by George et al. in col. 3, lines 41-48 meets the limitation.

The argument that Wirth et al. does not disclose any specific amount to meet the limitations of claim 22, it is noted, again, that claim 22 does not set limits or defines the amount claimed, thus any amount may be considered to minimize the crystallization.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 9, 10 and 23 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hadi Shakeri whose telephone number is 571-272-4495. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Hadi Shakeri Primary Examiner

Art Unit 3723

July 7, 2005